



7. The verb "to have"

Diabqfw
To priya
have got
= exw



Jean has got a doll.

Jim has got a ball.

Have they got a bird?

No, they haven't got a bird. They have got a rabbit.

Affirmative Exw		Negative		Interrogative
Long form	Short form	Long form	Short form	
I have got	I've got	I have not got	I haven't got	Have I got?
You have got	You've got	You have not got	You haven't got	Have you got?
He has got	He's got	He has not got	He hasn't got	Has he got?
She has got	She's got	She has not got	She hasn't got	Has she got?
It has got	It's got	It has not got	It hasn't got	Has it got?
We have got	We've got	We have not got	We haven't got	Have we got?
You have got	You've got	You have not got	You haven't got	Have you got?
They have got	They've got	They have not got	They haven't got	Have they got?

34 Fill in the blanks with *have got* or *has got* as in the example:

- You *have got* two eyes.
- John a book.
- They a brother.
- He a sister.
- I friends.
- We a house.
- The teacher a car.
- They watches.
- Mr Black a helicopter.
- You a bicycle.

(F)

Γράψτε τι έχουν τα παιδιά

35 Look at the picture. First say and then write what they *have got*.



Julie ... *has got a doll.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Jim | 5. Jane |
| 2. Tom and George | 6. Ann |
| 3. Mr and Mrs Green | 7. Andrew |
| 4. Jennifer and Helen | 8. Simon |

36 Fill in the blanks as in the examples:

Σύντομο τρόπο
Short Form

Long Form

1. I *have got* a telephone.
2. He a balloon.
3. We a bicycle.
4. You friends.
5. Mary an umbrella.
6. I *have not got* a ball.
7. She a radio.
8. We a helicopter.
9. They a sister.
10. John a brother.
11. Dave a car.
12. Lydia and Mark a computer.

Short Form

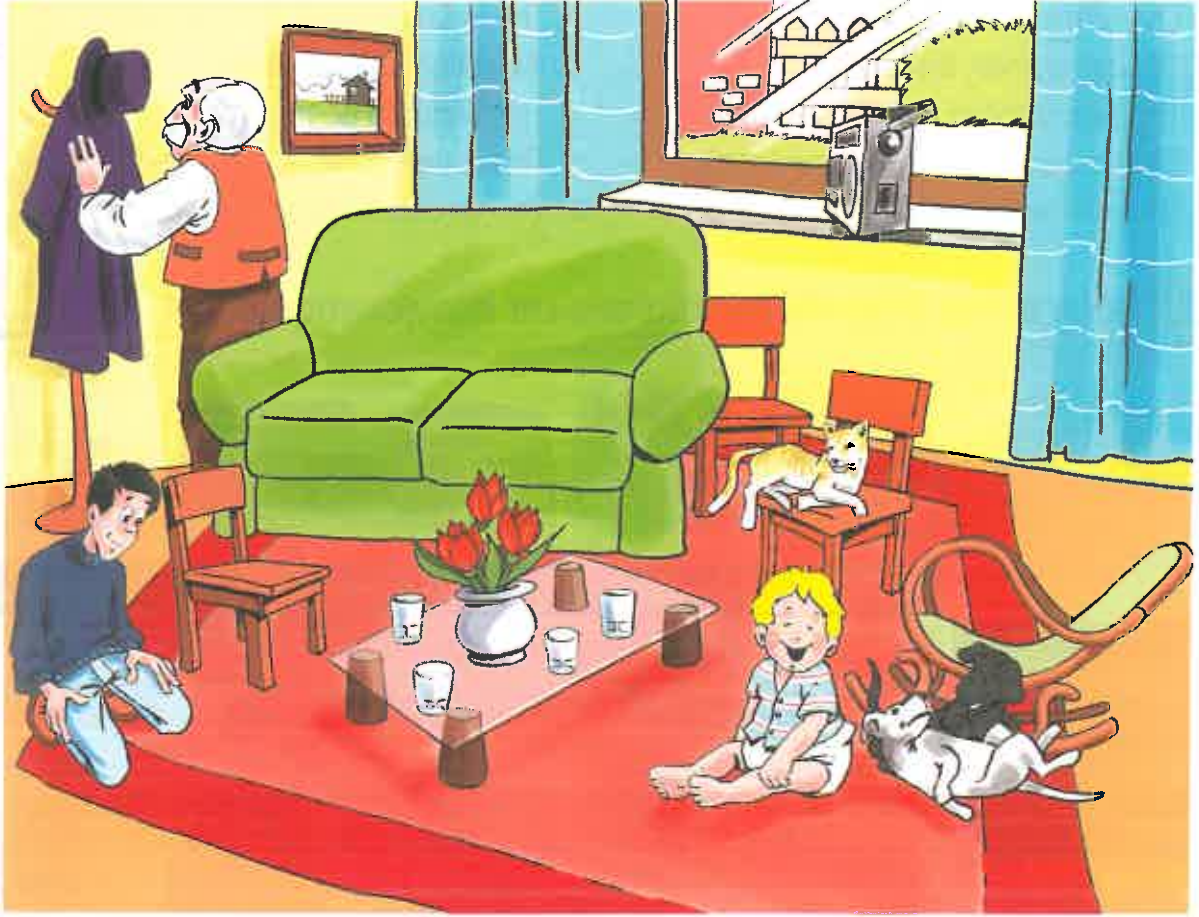
1. I *'ve got* a telephone.
2. He a balloon.
3. We a bicycle.
4. You friends.
5. Mary an umbrella.
6. I *haven't got* a ball.
7. She a radio.
8. We a helicopter.
9. They a sister.
10. John a brother.
11. Dave a car.
12. Lydia and Mark a computer.

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Look at the picture and fill in "there is" or "there are".

ΥΝΑΨΕΙ ΥΝΑΨΟΥΡ.

(F) (A)



There are two men in the room.

- 1. ^{καρέφι} a sofa in the room.
- 2. a table in the room.
- 3. two dogs in the room.
- 4. ^{βάζο} a vase on the table.
- 5. four chairs in the room.
- 6. four glasses on the table.
- 7. a baby in the room.
- 8. a radio in the room.
- 9. flowers in the vase.
- 10. a cat on the chair.

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Fill in "have got" or "has got" as in the example:

Συμπληρώστε με το have got ή το has got (εξω)

- I *have got* a car.
- 1. Ben a bicycle.
- 2. We a cat.
- 3. They a TV.
- 4. Jane an apple.
- 5. Tony a horse.
- 6. Mary and Linda a radio.
- 7. He a car.
- 8. Bill a watch.
- 9. She a pencil.
- 10. We a ball.

9. The Verb "Can" - Μπορώ

Διαβάζω το φίλο να ναι ναι με τις ασκήσεις

Can you drive?
Can you swim?
Can you play tennis?

No, I can't.
No, I can't.
No, I can't.

What can you do then?

I can answer all your questions.

Affirmative	Negative		Interrogative
	Long form	Short form	
I can	I cannot	I can't	Can I?
You can	You cannot	You can't	Can you?
He can	He cannot	He can't	Can he?
She can	She cannot	She can't	Can she?
It can	It cannot	It can't	Can it?
We can	We cannot	We can't	Can we?
You can	You cannot	You can't	Can you?
They can	They cannot	They can't	Can they?

Short Answers

Can you drive?

Yes, I can.

No, I can't.

58 Ask and answer questions as in the examples:



1. (he / run)
Can he run?
Yes, he can.



2. (they / walk)
Can they walk?
No, they can't.



3. (he / swim)
.....
.....



4. (you / ride a horse)
.....
.....

9. The Verb "Can"



5. (he / climb)

.....



6. (Ann / sing)

.....



7. (you / jump)

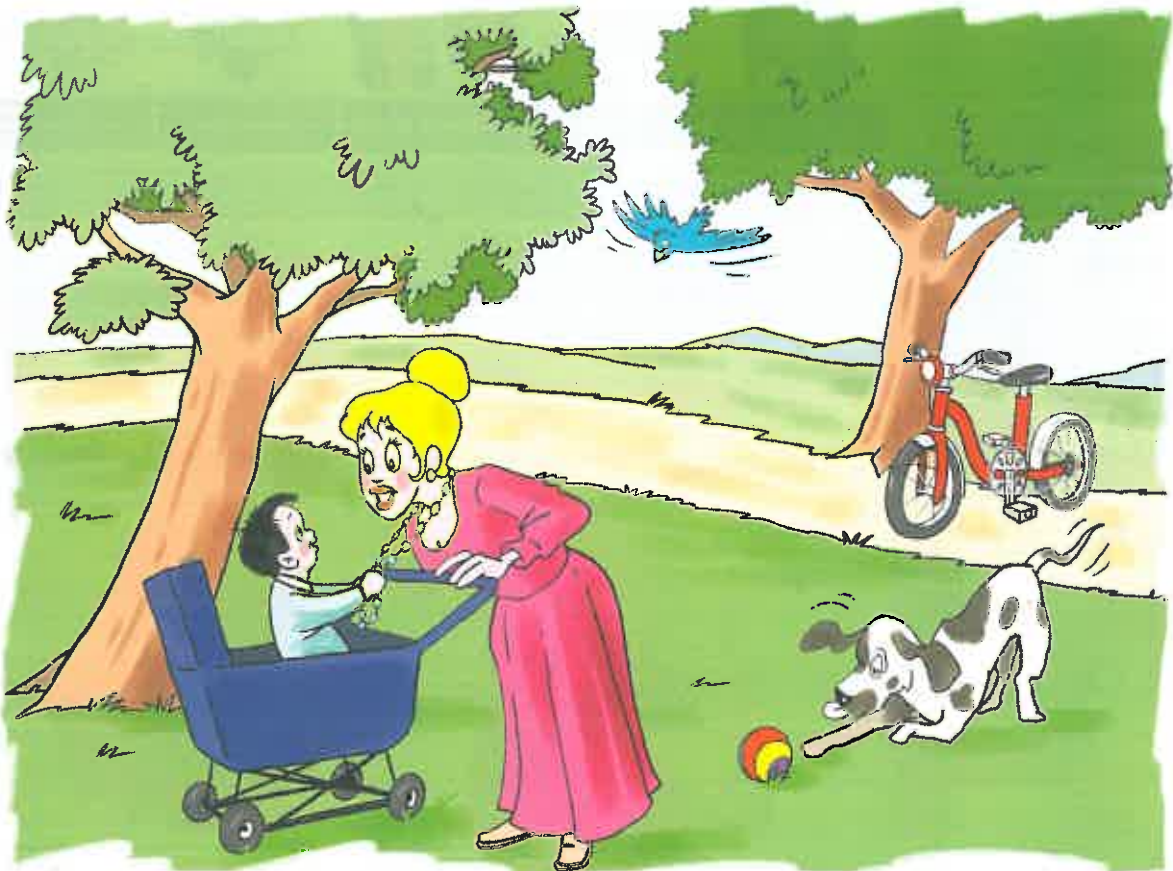
.....



8. (he / drive)

.....

59 Look at the picture and answer the questions as in the example:



1. Can you see a bus? *No, I can't see a bus.*

2. Can you see a dog?

3. Can you see a bird?

4. Can you see a rabbit?

5. Can you see a woman?

6. Can you see a cat?

7. Can you see a girl?

8. Can you see two trees?

9. Can you see a baby?

10. Can you see a bicycle?

10. The Imperative *Προβταυριση*



62 Match the following with the pictures.

Close the window, please!
 Let's go to the supermarket.
 Please don't sit on that chair!

Let's run into the house.
καθαριση
 Clean your room, please!
 Eat your breakfast, please!

Come here, please! *εδω ερχου*
 Please don't eat so much! *ετσι πολυ*
 Let's work in the garden.



10. The Imperative

63 Match the following with the pictures.

Let's sit on the sofa. *uavanzs*
 Let's listen to these records. *duv sibuo!*
 Please give me a glass of water!

Please buy me a burger! *dyopgru*
 Let's dance. *ka dapiw*
 Please clean the floor!

Please do your homework!
 Please wash the dishes!
 Go to bed, please!



Game 3

The teacher divides the class into two groups. Then he/she asks a student to come to the front of the class. He/She whispers in his/her ear the verb "drive". The students, by asking questions, must guess what he/she can do. The group which finds out what the verb is wins 1 point.

Group A S1: Can you read?

Leader: No, I can't.

Group B S1: Can you swim?

Leader: No, I can't.

Group A S2: Can you dance?

Leader: No, I can't.

Group B S2: Can you drive?

Leader: Yes, I can.

Group B wins. Your teacher may choose another leader and you can play the game again.

11. Present Continuous

write - writing
dance - dancing

BUT

see - seeing

65 Add -ing to the verbs.

- | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| 1. come | coming | 3. take | ..... | 5. have | ..... |
| 2. make | ..... | 4. close | ..... | 6. agree | ..... |

play - playing

fly - flying

66 Add -ing to the verbs.

- | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| 1. study | studying | 3. dry | ..... | 5. say | ..... |
| 2. pay | ..... | 4. cry | ..... | 6. try | ..... |

67 Add -ing to the verbs.

- | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 1. cut | cutting | 6. sing | ..... | 11. fight | ..... | 16. watch | ..... |
| 2. sit | ..... | 7. make | ..... | 12. clean | ..... | 17. cook | ..... |
| 3. read | ..... | 8. kick | ..... | 13. run | ..... | 18. eat | ..... |
| 4. drink | ..... | 9. play | ..... | 14. jump | ..... | 19. swim | ..... |
| 5. do | ..... | 10. sleep | ..... | 15. talk | ..... | 20. dance | ..... |

Short Answers

Are you eating?

Yes, I am.

No, I'm not.

Is

he
she
it

 eating?

Yes,

he
she
it

 is.

No,

he
she
it

 isn't.

Are they eating?

Yes, they are.

No, they aren't.

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Write short answers.

1. Is she sleeping? Yes, *she is.*
2. Is he reading? Yes,
3. Is it flying? No,
4. Are the boys playing football? Yes,
5. Is she swimming? No,
6. Is he driving a car? No,
7. Are the birds singing? Yes,
8. Are the monkeys eating? No,
9. Is the man sitting? Yes,
10. Are they dancing? Yes,
11. Is she watching TV? No,
12. Is he riding a bicycle? No,
13. Is he running? Yes,
14. Is she talking on the telephone? No,
15. Is the dog eating? No,